



METALFABRICS

SOLAR CONTROL WITH METAL MESH



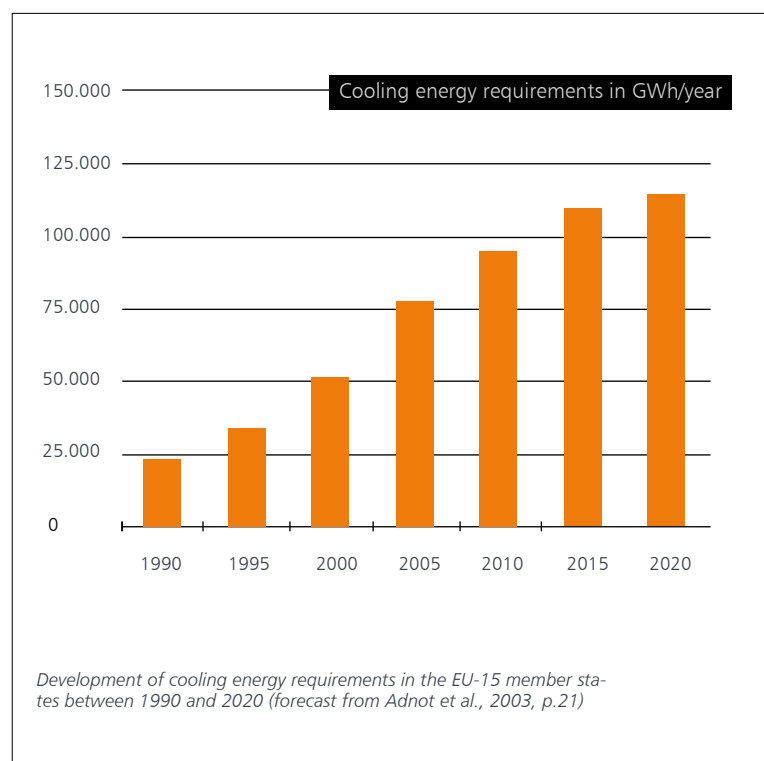


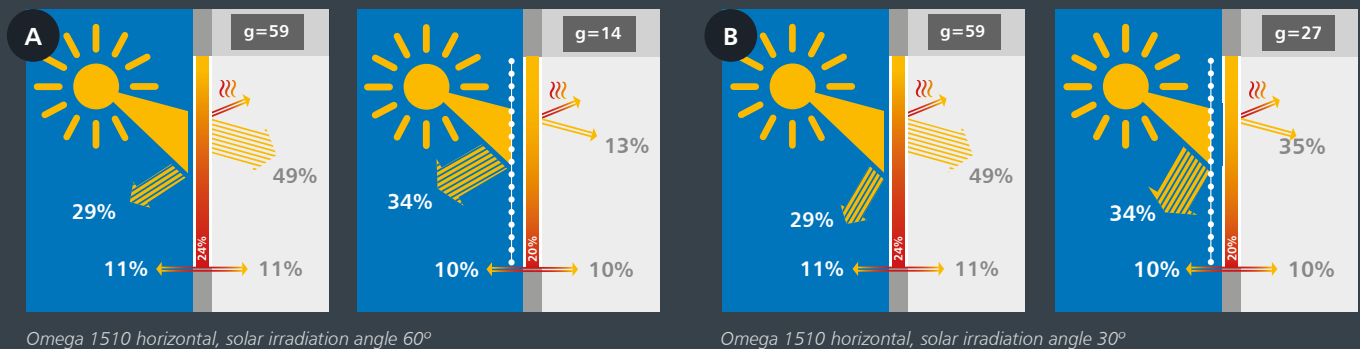
SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS IN THE FIELD OF ARCHITECTURE

Modern workplace design starts with planning a well-conceived building shell and functional solar protection. After all, employees require glare-free monitor workplaces that still enable views to the outside. Our goal is to achieve optimum energy efficiency by using a maximum of sunlight and as little artificial lighting as possible. Rigid room partition configurations are also a thing of the past, as the focus now is on flexibility. At the same time, the outer shell is also to support energy-efficient climate control by allowing solar heat into the building in winter and screening the building from solar radiation during summer.

It is therefore important to incorporate a well-designed solar protection system, particularly for buildings with modern glass facades. In addition, efficient thermal management is becoming increasingly important in all kinds of buildings due to the high thermal loads caused by electrical equipment and lighting.

Besides creating a pleasant working atmosphere for employees, modern solar protection plays a key part in supporting sustainable energy efficiency concepts in buildings. Early and comprehensive planning of an individual solar protection concept is thus particularly important if the building in question is to achieve the requisite quality and efficiency.





Omega 1510 horizontal, solar irradiation angle 60°

Omega 1510 horizontal, solar irradiation angle 30°

REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS

A THERMAL COMFORT - PROTECTION FROM OVERHEATING IN SUMMER

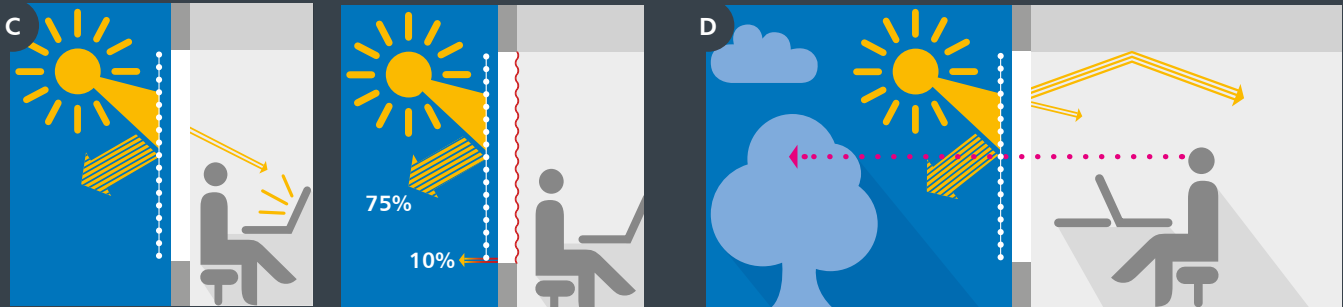
Solar protection systems reflect thermal radiation before it reaches the actual building shell. To efficiently screen insulating glass surfaces, systems of this type have to be installed outside the glazing. Yet this is precisely where materials are exposed to all manner of environmental conditions, such as wind, rain, snow or frost. Choosing the right material is thus vital in securing the longevity of solar protection systems. GKD metal fabric is manufactured from stainless steel and so ideally suited to applications of this kind.

B USE OF SOLAR HEAT GAINS DURING THE HEATING PERIOD

So that the available solar heat energy can be used efficiently, the solar protection should be deactivated during the heating period. However, some form of screening may still be necessary to prevent glare. For this reason modern buildings often employ a combination of externally-mounted solar protection and internal glare screening. Thanks to their open structure, metal fabrics from GKD offer good screening when the sun is high in the sky and good solar heat gains when it is low.

C GLARE PROTECTION

Direct sunlight can cause glare, particularly for staff working on monitors. In consequence this can negatively affect work performance as well as overall well-being. A combination of solar protection and independent glare protection makes good sense. GKD metal fabrics are ideal for providing effective solar protection and can be combined with a large number of glare protection systems.



D DAYLIGHT USAGE AND VISUAL CONTACT TO THE OUTSIDE WORLD

Controlling daylight and maintaining a clear outward view are important factors that can help staff feel comfortable at the workplace. In many countries these basic conditions are legally required for workplaces even when active solar protection systems are in place. In addition, daylight can help reduce power consumption in offices in two different ways. Firstly, it minimises the need for artificial lighting. Secondly, since less artificial lighting is used, less waste heat is generated. The open structure of GKD metal fabrics allow daylight to enter the building without restricting any outward views.

FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF SOLAR PROTECTION SYSTEMS

Today solar protection systems are divided into four different categories

1. Exterior: The solar protection systems are installed outside the glazed surfaces.
2. Interior: The solar protection systems are installed inside the glazed surfaces.
3. Dynamic: The solar protection systems can be adapted to outside conditions and completely retracted if necessary.
4. Static: The solar protection systems are permanently installed in one position.

When planning an efficient solar protection concept, it is generally advisable to individually combine the different systems with one another. Thanks to their flexible and particularly hard-wearing properties, GKD's metal fabrics can be used in all systems and combinations.

SOLAR PARAMETERS – STANDARDS AND PRINCIPLES

Sustainable building has become an important topic across the globe. In Europe, the bases for assessing solar protection systems and glazing are described in the following specific standards:

EN 410 Glass in building
 EN 13363 Solar protection devices
 EN 14501 Blinds and shutters – thermal and visual comfort
 EN 13561 External blinds and awnings

The detailed requirements can vary quite markedly depending on the country and climate zone. They are set out in the following national requirements profiles, standards and directives:

Germany: ENEC 2016, BNB*1
 Austria: OIB Directive 6, Technology*2
 Switzerland: Minergie Standard
 France: RT 2012
 USA: ASHRAE 90.1-2010

As per EN 14501, the thermal and optical performance of a solar protection system is stated in combination with the following reference glazing types

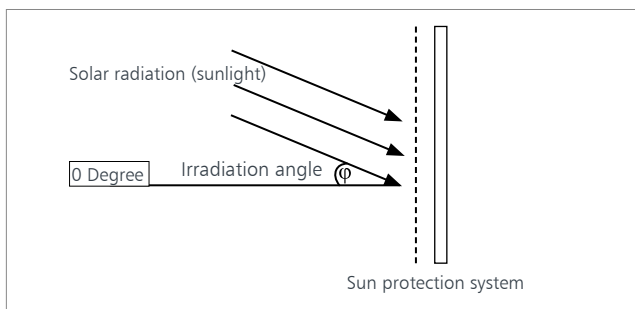
REFERENCE GLAZING	U W/(m ² K)	g	τ_e	ρ_e	ρ'_e
A	5.8	0.85	0.83	0.08	0.08
B	2.9	0.76	0.69	0.14	0.14
C	1.2	0.59	0.49	0.29	0.27
D	1.1	0.32	0.27	0.29	0.38

SOLAR PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS OF GKD METAL FABRICS

GKD metal fabrics are not only visually appealing, they also offer excellent solar radiation properties as per EN 410. They combine good to excellent solar protection characteristics with a pleasant outward view - particularly when the sun is high in the sky. When it is low in the sky during winter, solar heat

gains can be achieved, depending on the type of glazing used. Tests from independent institutes have repeatedly confirmed this.

The following formula can be used to calculate the solar parameters of a solar protection system for any type of glazing as per EN 13363-1:



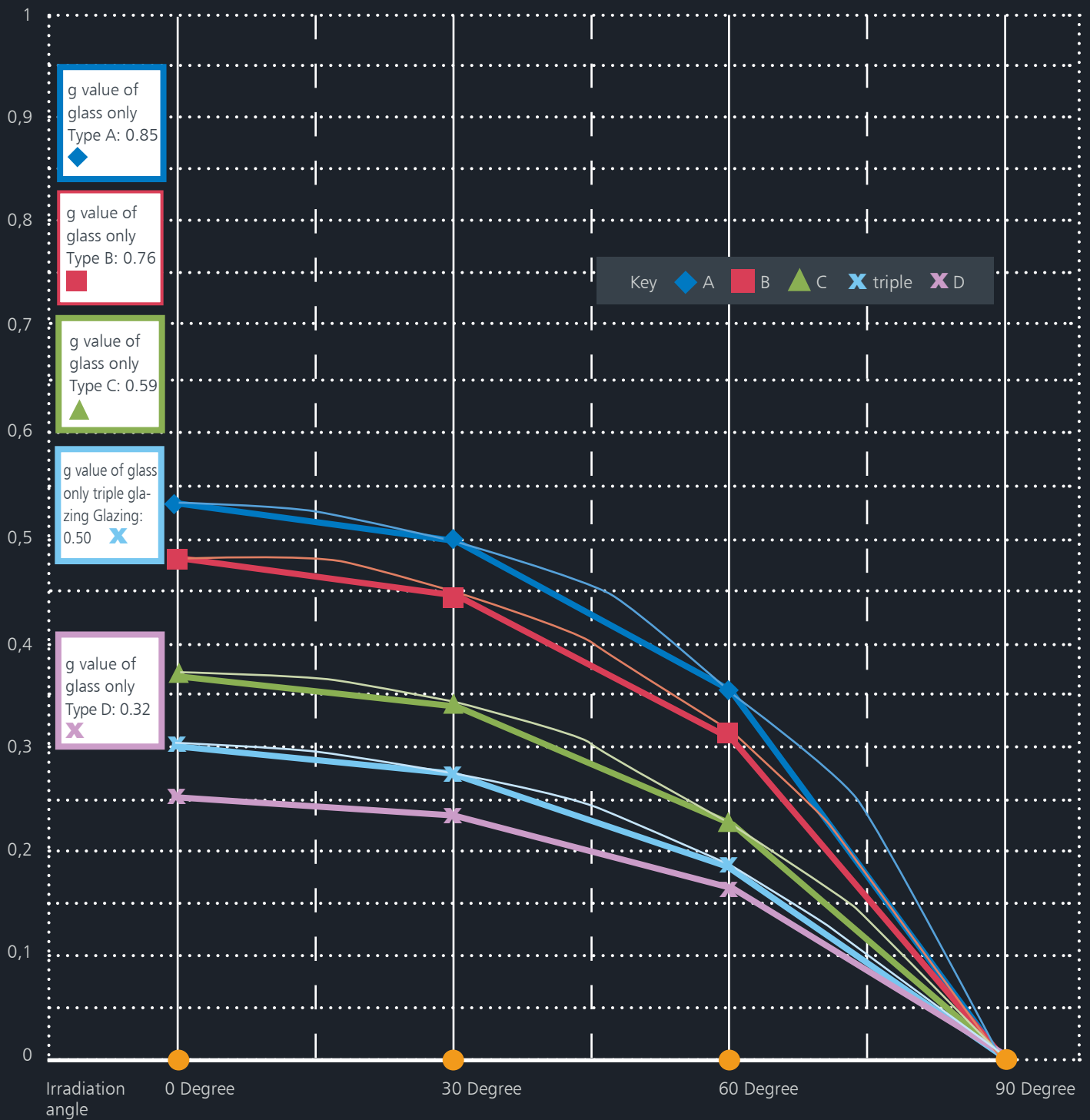
$$g_t = r_{e1B} \cdot g + \alpha_{e1B} \frac{G}{G_2} + r_{e1B} (1 - g) \frac{G}{G_1} = r\omega$$

$$\alpha_{e1B} = 1 = r_{e1B} = \rho_{e1B}$$

$$G_1 = 5W / (m^2 \cdot K)$$

$$G_2 = 10W / (m^2 \cdot K)$$

$$G = \left(\frac{1}{U_g} + \frac{1}{G_1} + \frac{1}{G_2} \right)^{-1}$$



Overall energy transmittance based on the example of the „Omega 1520“ horizontal weft wire metal fabric at various levels of sunlight in connection with reference glazing types A-D, as well as standard triple glazing with the following properties:

G value of glass TRIPLE GLAZING

$U/(m^2K)$	g	τ_e	ρ_e	ρ'_e
0.7	0.5	0.75	0.17	0.17



SHADING FUNCTION OF GKD METAL FABRICS

Modern facade-cladding materials generally allow the heat generated by solar radiation to enter the building very quickly. During the summer months or in climate zones with a lot of daily sunshine, additional cooling is required which has a negative impact on the building's energy balance. We are able to reduce this effect thanks to the shading function of our GKD metal fabrics. When used as solar protection systems, our architectural fabrics reduce the surface temperature of facades

significantly, which can also reduce the amount of insulation required for the building shell. In a practical test performed at the Eastern Michigan University (Ypsilanti, USA) in August at an outside air temperature of 23.9°C, GKD metal fabrics were able to reduce the wall temperature by 19%. Whereas a temperature of 34.4°C was measured on the non-shaded wall, the wall temperature in the shaded area was just 27.8°C.

TYPES OF METAL FABRICS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CABLE METAL FABRICS



Flexible cable in one direction, monofilament wire in the other. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel

DIMENSIONS: Up to 8m wide; lengths of 30m and more are possible. These meshes are primarily suitable for large-area fixed elements, although roll-up solutions are also possible.

PC-METAL FABRICS

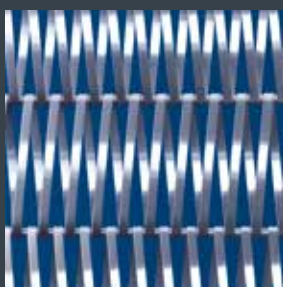


Monofilament wire in both directions. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings. They are ideal as sliding shutters, folding shutters or segmented façades.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium

DIMENSIONS: For reasons of transport, the dimensions should not exceed 4m x 2m.

SPIRAL METAL FABRICS – ESCALE



The elements in the Escale 7x1 product range can be seamlessly combined to produce visually endless elements. They are particularly well-suited to 3D façades.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium

DIMENSIONS: Up to 6m wide; lengths are virtually endless.

SPIRAL METAL FABRICS – LICORNE



Spiralling flat wire in one direction and monofilament wire in the other. These meshes are available in various wire diameters and mesh openings. They are particularly well-suited to roll-up solutions.

MATERIAL: Stainless steel or aluminium

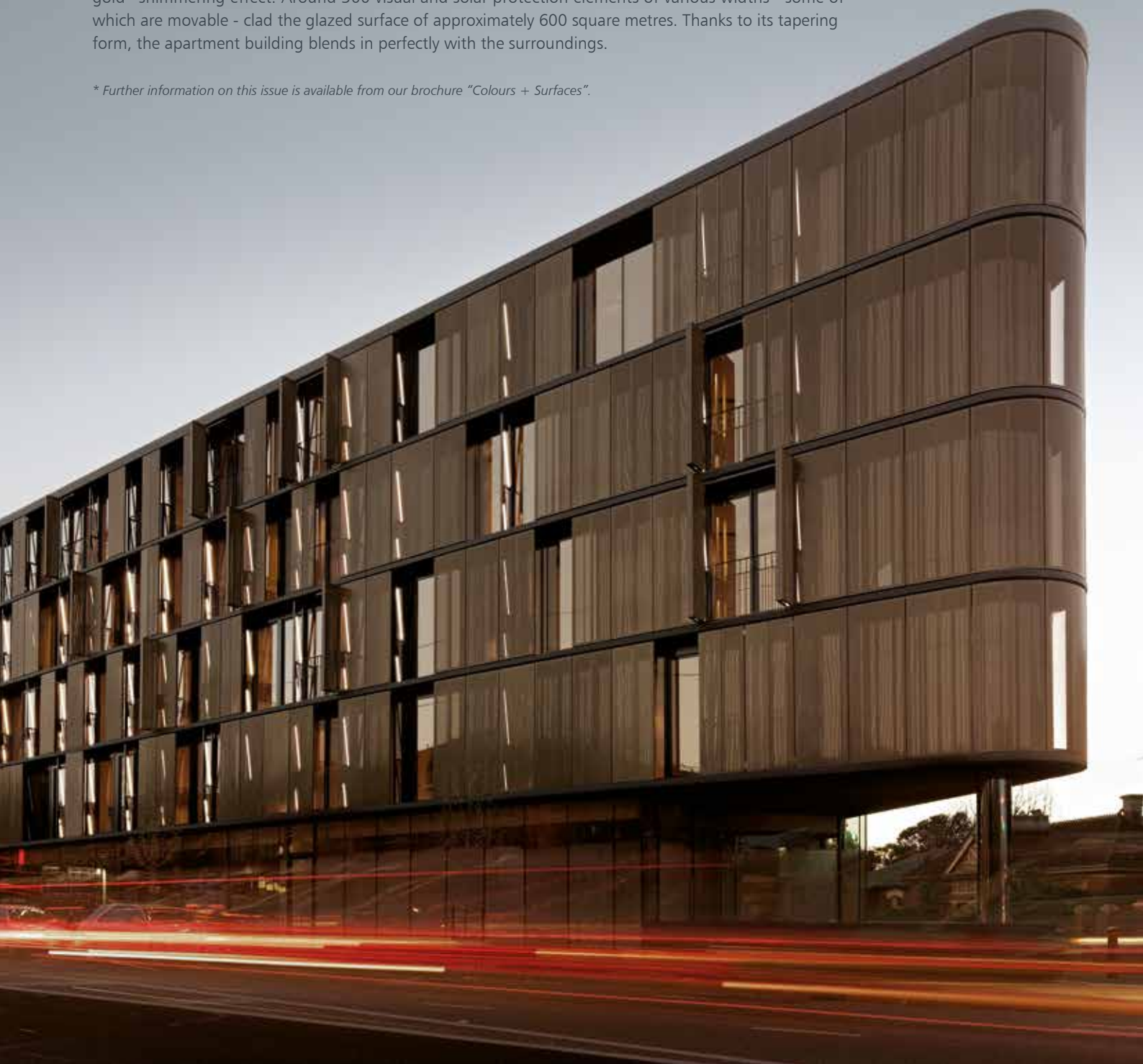
Up to 4m wide; lengths are virtually endless.

LUNA APARTMENTS, MELBOURNE, AUSTRALIA

SLIDING ELEMENTS - FOLDING SHUTTERS

With our „PC-ALU 6020“ GKD aluminium fabrics, the Australian architects of this apartment building in Melbourne have demonstrated how solar protection, energy efficiency and a pleasing visual appearance can all harmoniously work together. The metal fabric was anodised in a batch process creating a bronze/gold* shimmering effect. Around 300 visual and solar protection elements of various widths - some of which are movable - clad the glazed surface of approximately 600 square metres. Thanks to its tapering form, the apartment building blends in perfectly with the surroundings.

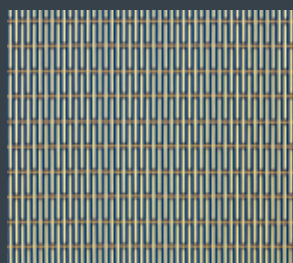
** Further information on this issue is available from our brochure "Colours + Surfaces".*



METAL FABRIC: ALU GOLD 6020



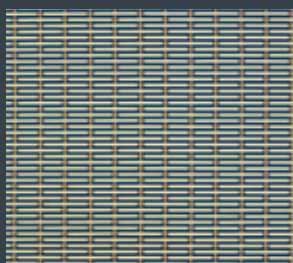
SOLAR PARAMETERS METAL FABRIC: ALU GOLD 6020



ALU 6020 | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0,38	0,38	0,35
gtot C	0,29	0,29	0,26
gtot D	0,20	0,20	0,18

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0,50	0,50	0,46
Fc C	0,49	0,49	0,45
Fc D	0,62	0,62	0,57



ALU 6020 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0,38	0,35	0,22
gtot C	0,29	0,27	0,15
gtot D	0,20	0,18	0,11

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0,50	0,46	0,46
Fc C	0,49	0,45	0,45
Fc D	0,62	0,57	0,57

Determining the Fc and gtotal values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

LAKE NONA, ORLANDO, USA

THREE-DIMENSIONAL FACADE

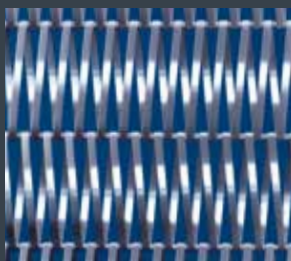
Natural light incidence, outward transparency and optimum solar protection - these are the key characteristics offered by the „Escale 7x1“ solar protection system at the Research Center in Lake Nona, Florida. The metal fabric is ideally suited to three-dimensional applications. The solar protection facade, which spans approximately 750 square metres, is made up of ten trapezoidal metal fabric panels that also lend the building its shimmer. The semi-transparent metal fabric wraps around the sickle-shaped front of the building like a protective shield. By reducing the intensity of solar radiation, GKD has made a significant contribution to the building's energy efficiency and thereby helped it obtain the LEED Platinum certification.



SOLAR PARAMETERS: ESCALE 7x1



SOLAR PARAMETERS



ESCALE 7x1 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
$g_{tot B}$	0.37
$g_{tot C}$	0.28
$g_{tot D}$	0.19

Fc	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
Fc B	0.49
Fc C	0.47
Fc D	0.61

Determining the Fc and g_{total} values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

CAPITAL GATE, ABU DHABI, UAE

FIXED ELEMENTS

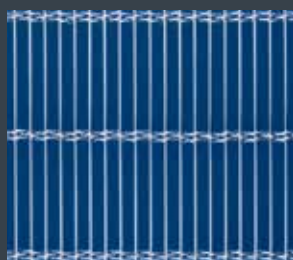
Low weight and individual formability - it was with these characteristics that GKD's „Tigris“ stainless steel fabric won over the planners of the 35-storey Capital Gate building in Abu Dhabi. The façade is made up of 580 panels of different sizes which have been arranged horizontally at an angle of up to 25° to create parallelograms. In total the architects fitted around 5,000 square metres of the double-warp GKD stainless steel fabric. The result is a combination of efficient solar protection and maximum transparency. Alongside office areas, the 160m tall building of the Abu Dhabi National Exhibitions Company is also home to a five-star hotel.



SOLAR PARAMETERS: TIGRIS 2100



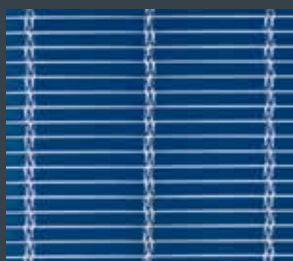
SOLAR PARAMETERS



TIGRIS | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.59	0.56	0.57
gtot C	0.46	0.46	0.44
gtot D	0.31	0.31	0.30

F _c	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
F _c B	0.78	0.73	0.75
F _c C	0.78	0.78	0.75
F _c D	0.97	0.96	0.93



TIGRIS | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.59	0.54	0.45
gtot C	0.46	0.44	0.34
gtot D	0.31	0.30	0.23

F _c	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
F _c B	0.78	0.71	0.59
F _c C	0.78	0.75	0.58
F _c D	0.97	0.93	0.73

Determining the F_c and g_{total} values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

ASFINAG, INNSBRUCK, AUSTRIA

LARGE ROTATING FINS

In Innsbruck, a vertical GKD solar protection fabric is making a key contribution to the representative, efficient and sustainable façade cladding of a new office complex. The system employs 680 electrically adjustable fins that are covered in GKD's „PC-Omega“ stainless steel fabric. These were fitted to a façade area of approximately 1,100 square metres. At GKD, we wove each element individually using three different mesh openings in each panel. This makes the metal fabric increasingly dense towards the top, thereby offering greater protection where it is needed. ASFINAG, which is responsible for managing and maintaining Austria's road network, put the building design out to tender in an architectural competition. Anyone wishing to tender had to meet strict requirements, as the client was looking for effective solar protection in combination with maximum transparency. The building concept was awarded the title „best architects 13“.



METAL FABRIC: PC-OMEGA 1510-1520-1530



SOLAR PARAMETERS



OMEGA 1510 | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.40	0.34	0.38
gtot C	0.30	0.30	0.28
gtot D	0.21	0.21	0.19

F _c	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
F _c B	0.52	0.44	0.49
F _c C	0.51	0.51	0.48
F _c D	0.64	0.64	0.61



OMEGA 1510 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.40	0.30	0.20
gtot C	0.30	0.27	0.14
gtot D	0.21	0.19	0.10

F _c	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
F _c B	0.52	0.39	0.27
F _c C	0.51	0.46	0.23
F _c D	0.64	0.59	0.33

Determining the F_c and g_{total} values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

EUROPEAN COURT OF JUSTICE, LUXEMBOURG

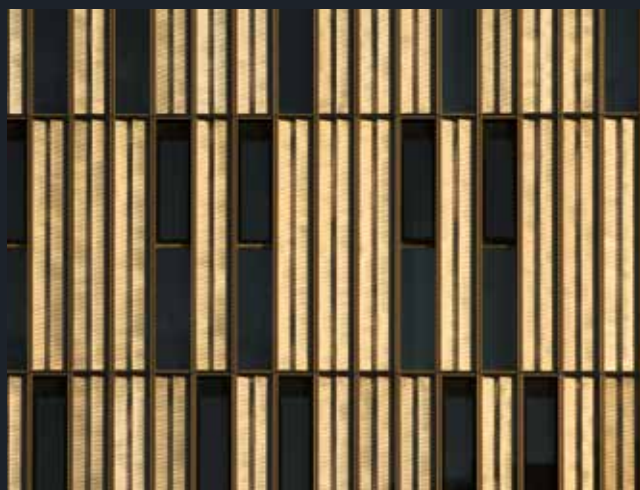
DOUBLE-SKIN FACADE

Gold-anodised* GKD aluminium fabric transforms the two office towers of the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg into purist, shimmering sculptures. Similarly to GKD's PC-ALU 6020 aluminium fabric, the type of material used here excels through its long service life, recyclability and low weight of just 2.6 kg/m². The architect required a particularly lightweight metal fabric that could also be bent into a zigzag shape to offer maximum opaqueness from outside when looking into the two 24-storey office towers. The 7,724 panels (20,190 m²) were fitted between two window panes in the facade, where they also provide interesting reflective light effects.

** Further information on this issue is available from our brochure "Colours + Surfaces".*



METAL FABRIC: ALU 6020



SOLAR PARAMETERS METAL FABRIC: PC-ALU 6020



PC-ALU 6020 | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0,38	0,38	0,35
gtot C	0,29	0,29	0,26
gtot D	0,20	0,20	0,18

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0,50	0,50	0,46
Fc C	0,49	0,49	0,45
Fc D	0,62	0,62	0,57



PC-ALU 6020 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0,38	0,35	0,22
gtot C	0,29	0,27	0,15
gtot D	0,20	0,18	0,11

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0,50	0,46	0,46
Fc C	0,49	0,45	0,45
Fc D	0,62	0,57	0,57

Determining the Fc and gtotal values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

ONE NORTH BANK, SHEFFIELD, UK

TENSIONED VERTICAL LOUVRES

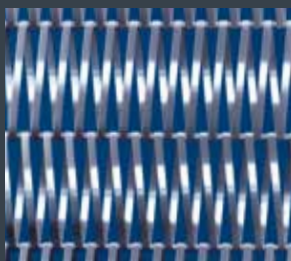
Solar protection systems made of GKD metal fabric do not always have to be installed parallel to the facade. At the One North Bank office building in Sheffield (UK), the architects chose to use 13 metal fabric panels, which were installed along the south-east facade of the building to trace the path of the sun. When selecting the material, they decided to go with GKD's „Escale 7x1“ stainless steel fabric. When the sun strikes the building from the south at around midday, the 10.4 x 0.75 metre panels made of GKD spiral fabric offer optimum shading without restricting outward views. Effective solar protection has therefore been combined with an appealing architectural design here.



METAL FABRIC: ESCALE 7x1



SOLAR PARAMETERS



ESCALE 7x1 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
$g_{tot B}$	0.37
$g_{tot C}$	0.28
$g_{tot D}$	0.19

Fc	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
Fc B	0.49
Fc C	0.47
Fc D	0.61

Determining the Fc and g_{total} values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

SANRAL PRETORIA, SOUTH AFRICA

AXIALLY TWISTED METAL FABRIC

In South Africa's capital city of Pretoria, GKD's „Omega“ stainless steel fabric lends an 8,500 square-metre new building its unmistakable character, while also providing protection from continuous solar radiation. To make the designer's vision a reality, some 161 individual elements of varying density were custom-woven and then installed in an axially-twisted configuration based on the angle of solar radiation. This not only provides the headquarters building of the South African National Roads Agency the greatest possible transparency, it also yields optimum solar radiation protection. The building was awarded a 4-star rating by the South African Green Building Council and also won the 2013 Fulton Award.



METAL FABRIC: OMEGA 1510-1520-1530



SOLAR PARAMETERS



OMEGA 1520 | vertical alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.49	0.44	0.45
gtot C	0.38	0.37	0.34
gtot D	0.26	0.25	0.23

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.65	0.58	0.59
Fc C	0.64	0.63	0.58
Fc D	0.80	0.79	0.73



OMEGA 1520 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.49	0.41	0.32
gtot C	0.38	0.35	0.23
gtot D	0.26	0.24	0.17

Fc	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°
Fc B	0.65	0.53	0.42
Fc C	0.64	0.59	0.40
Fc D	0.80	0.74	0.52

Determining the Fc and gtotal values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

RABOBANK GELDROP, THE NETHERLANDS

ROLL-UP SOLAR PROTECTION

GKD's „Licorne 13a“ aluminium fabric is particularly well suited to roller applications – such as the rollable elements of the modernised Rabobank building in Geldrop (Netherlands). The architects designed a complete facade with floor-length windows around an existing building. These windows were to be equipped with a movable solar protection system, employing rollers guided in rails, that underlines the transparent character of the new building shell. This is why the architects elected to go with Licorne 13a, a GKD spiral fabric that boasts excellent solar protection properties without restricting outward views. The 47 metal fabric panels were silver-anodised, which allows them to fit in seamlessly with the overall image. The building concept was awarded BREEAM certification as „Very Good“.



METAL FABRIC: LICORNE 13a



CHARACTERISTIC SOLAR VALUES



LICORNE 13a | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
gtot B	0.30
gtot C	0.22
gtot D	0.15

Fc	Solar irradiation angle
	0°
Fc B	0.39
Fc C	0.37
Fc D	0.48

AMERICAN AIRLINES ARENA, MIAMI, USA

TRANSPARENT MEDIA FACADES*

The first large and transparent media facade in the USA was created at the American Airlines Arena in Miami using MEDIAMESH® from GKD. Almost 320 square metres of stainless steel mesh with integrated LED profiles trace the contours of the glazed arena. The media facade offers optimum image resolution that guarantees sharp and bright images, both during the day and at night. With its 70% transparency, the facade with display function also gives an unobstructed outward view from the lounges, yet still provides effective solar protection. The fact that it requires no maintenance and consumes very little energy was also a key factor behind the decision to go with the mesh. Thanks to its weather resistance, GKD MEDIAMESH® is also able to withstand the region's annual hurricanes, during which wind speeds of up to 145mph are commonly experienced.

** Further information on this issue is available from our brochure "Transparent Media Facades".*



MEDIAMESH®: V5–H4.25



SOLAR PARAMETERS



MEDIAMESH V5 – H4,25 | horizontal alignment

g_{total}	Solar irradiation angle			F _c	Solar irradiation angle		
	0°	30°	60°		0°	30°	60°
gtot B	0.59	0.54	0.45	Fc B	0.78	0.71	0.59
gtot C	0.46	0.44	0.34	Fc C	0.78	0.75	0.58
gtot D	0.31	0.30	0.23	Fc D	0.97	0.93	0.73

Determining the F_c and g_{total} values in connection with reference glazing types B, C, D as per EN 14501

Form follows feeling.

With GKD woven metal fabric for architectural solutions.

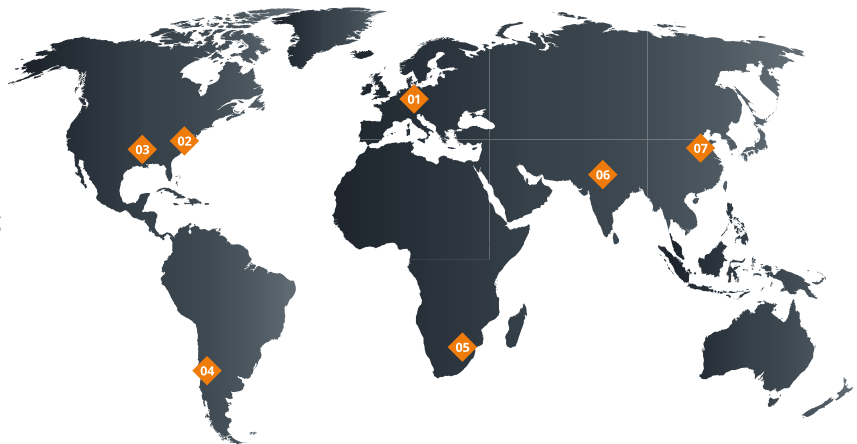
The technical weavers for industry and architecture

As a privately owned technical weaving mill, **GKD – Gebr. Kufferath AG** is the global market leader for metal mesh, synthetic mesh, and spiral mesh solutions. With its solutions, the company caters to a large number of application areas in the fields of: Architecture & Design, Industry & Filtration, Process Belts, and Mining Equipment. In all of these sectors,

GKD strives to make a key contribution to securing a **healthier, cleaner, and safer** world. With headquarters in Germany, six other production sites in the US, South Africa, China, India, and Chile, as well as branches in France, Spain, and representatives all over the world, GKD is never far from its customers or markets.

GKD – products and service close to our customers, worldwide.

- 01 **GKD Germany** Düren
- 02 **GKD USA** Cambridge (MD)
- 03 **GKD USA** Star City (AR)
- 04 **GKD Chile** Santiago de Chile
- 05 **GKD South Africa** Johannesburg
- 06 **GKD India** Jaipur
- 07 **GKD China** Qufu



GKD – Gebr. Kufferath AG
Metallweberstraße 46
52353 Düren
Germany

T +49 2421 803 0
F +49 2421 803 227
metalfabrics@gkd-group.com
architecture.gkd-group.com